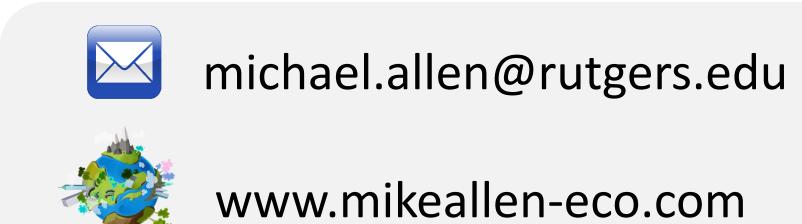
# Facilitating joint spatial planning for imperiled species and coastal resiliency with habitat models and social data



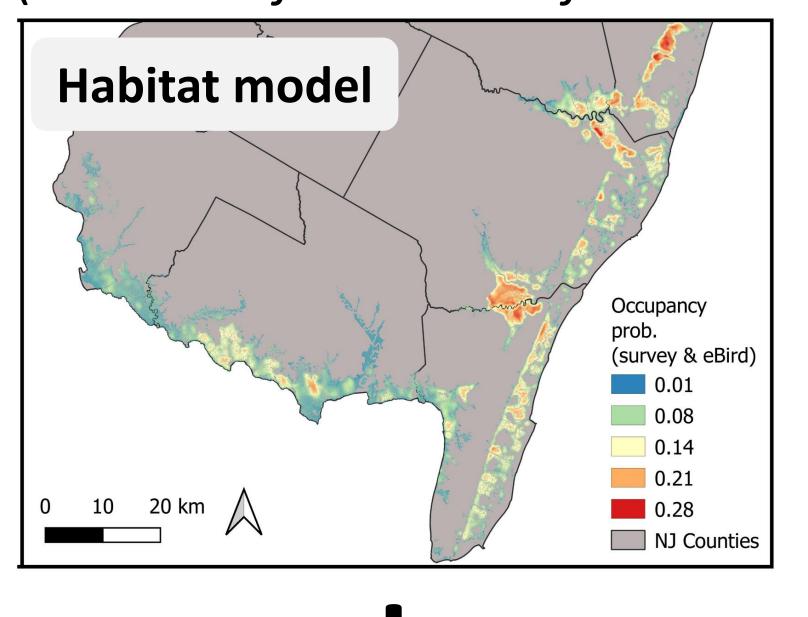


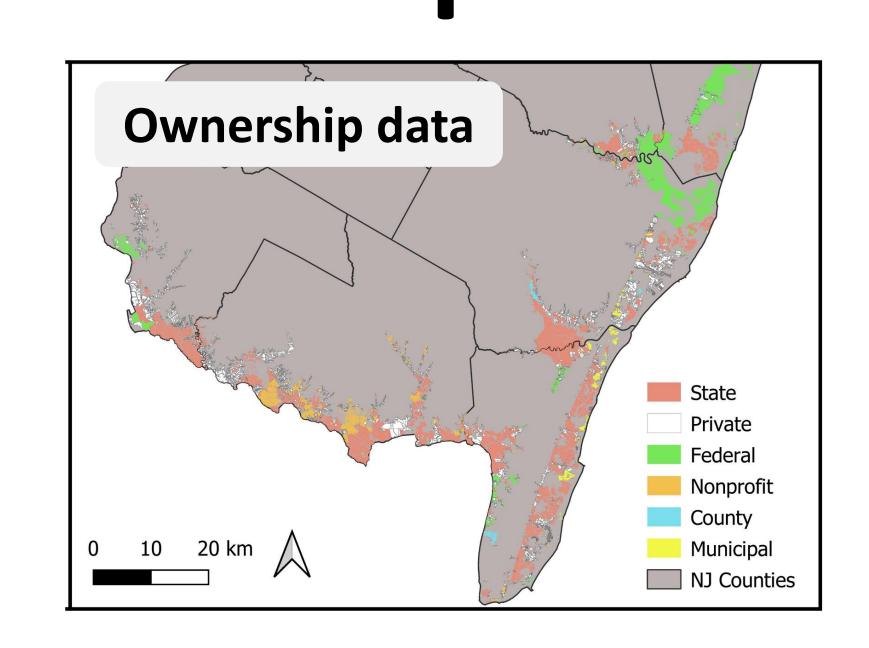
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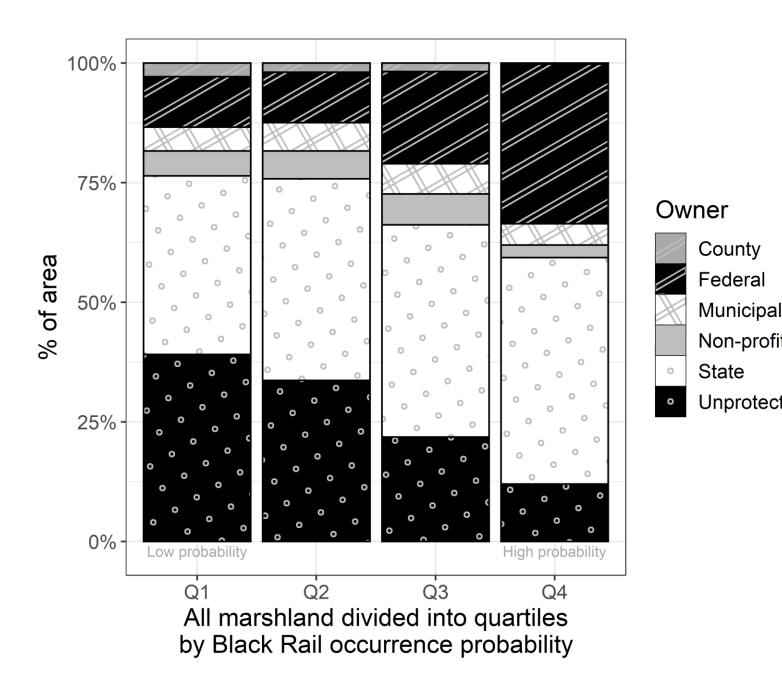
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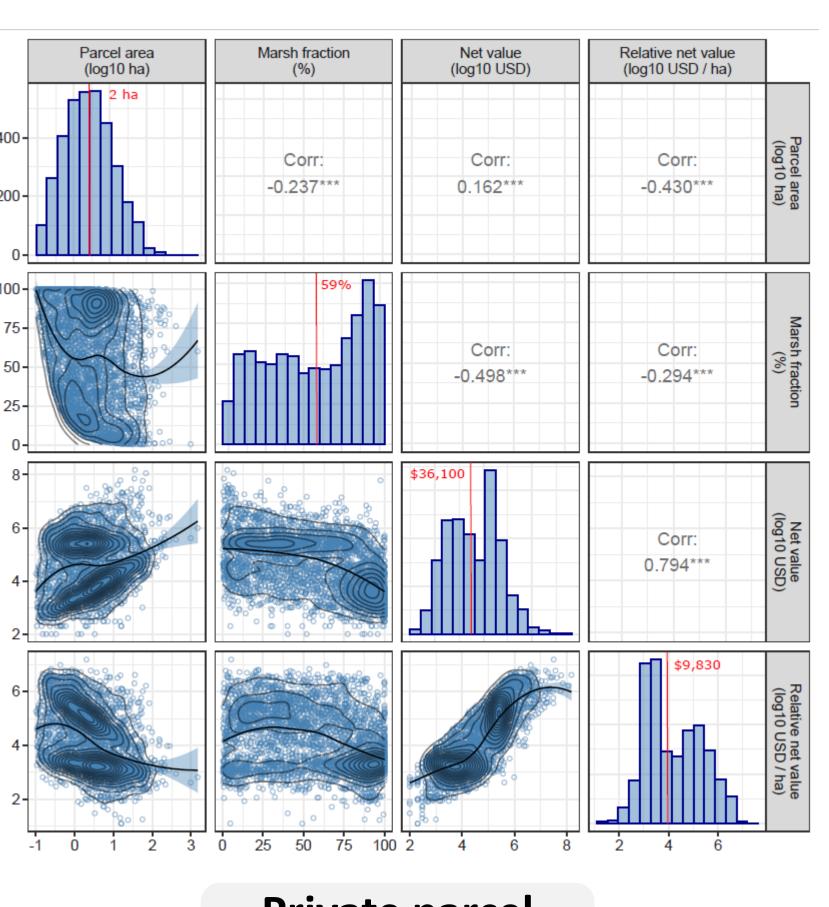






### All rail habitat:

- 79% public or non-profit owned "Best" (most likely) habitat:
  - 88% public or non-profit owned
  - larger & cheaper parcels







## A need for joint spatial planning

...to reconcile coastal resiliency and conservation efforts. This requires data integration from disparate domains: species **biology** and occurrence; the geography of **physical threats**; and the **social landscape** in which management and restoration decisions will occur.

What we did We mapped rail occurrence probability in New Jersey's 774 km² of saltmarsh using NJDEP-collected survey data and Bayesian occupancy models. We summarized model output using public ownership data, estimating how much black rail habitat exists, where it is, and who owns it.

## What we found ~ 260–2200 ha of occupied

black rail habitat, or < 3% of saltmarsh. 79% of rail habitat is public or non-profit owned. Most likely rail habitat was less likely to be private. Private parcels with likely rail habitat were larger & less expensive.

### Acknowledgements

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